Supplementary Material for FedLTN: Federated Learning for Sparse and Personalized Lottery Ticket Networks

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Appendices

A Architecture of Custom-CNN

In order to assess the performance of FedLTN and other FL algorithms on a small neural network (feasible to be deployed on resource-constrained edge devices) we use a custom-built CNN with the architecture shown in Figure A.1. It has two convolutional layers with max-pooling followed by three fully-connected layers. Consequently, the model size is a fraction of ResNet18, with the custom CNN's 62,006 parameters only taking up 240KB of memory.

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
Conv2d–1	[-1, 6, 28, 28]	456
MaxPool2d-2	[-1, 6, 14, 14]	
Conv2d–3	[-1, 16, 10, 10]	2,416
MaxPool2d-4	[-1, 16, 5, 5]	
Linear-5	[-1, 120]	48,120
Linear-6	[-1, 84]	10,164
Linear-7	[-1, 10]	850

Fig. A.1: Architecture of custom CNN.

Notably, no batch normalization is present for any of the layers. As such, in limiting the network size, we also sacrifice the BN-preservation component of our proposed FedLTN framework. Furthermore, the performance of FedBN is the same as vanilla Federated Averaging.

B Effect of Rewinding

We conduct experiments with rewinding to iteration 0 after pruning. We find
that rewinding performs poorer than our method with no rewinding in terms of
pruning rate, convergence speed, and communication cost.



Fig. B.2: Left (a): Comparision of validation accuracies at each round. We observe that our method converges faster without rewinding to round 0. Right (b): Comparison of pruning rate at each round. Skipping rewinding increases the pruning speed and thus overall reducing the communication cost.

Dataset	Algorithm	Avg Test Accuracy%	Min Test Accuracy%
	FedAvg	50.0	50.0
	LottervFL(0.1)	72.6	51.8
	LottervFL(0.5)	71.6	52.3
	LotteryFL(0.9)	70.6	57.5
CIFAR-10	FedLTN (0.1)	79.4	62.0
Custom CNN	FedLTN(0.5)	<u>78.0</u>	<u>61.0</u>
No BN Layers	FedLTN(0.9)	72.98	57.5
	FedLTN(0.1; rewind)	72.95	57.3
	FedLTN(0.5; rewind)	64.6	48.8
	FedLTN(0.9; rewind)	64.3	50.0
Table C.1: Perfo	rmance of FedLTN	against baselines for	a custom CNN me
with no BN laye	rs.		

\mathbf{C}	Custom	CNN	Results	on	CIFAR-10
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090 D Jump-Start for TinyImageNet



Fig. D.3: Mean prune rate for ResNet18 on TinyImageNet using 25 Jump-Start and 25 FedLTN rounds. 50% participation rate and 10% prune step was used for all rounds. We set a max prune of 30% for Jump-Start and 90% for FedLTN.

E Performance on FEMNIST (LEAF benchmark)

Table E.2 compares FedLTN's performance with other baselines on the FEM-NIST dataset. We use the same hyperparameters as used for CIFAR-10 and TinyImageNet.

119		119
120	Algorithm Avg Test	120
121	FedAvg 60.95	121
122	LotteryFL (0.5) 61.45	122
123	FedLTN(0.9) 66.95	123
124	FedLTN(0.9; jumpstart) 65.55	124
125	Table E.2: Performance on the FEMNIST (LEAF) dataset	125
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