

Three things everyone should know about ViTs

– Supplemental material –

A Baselines

| ↓ Training procedure | #epochs | ViT-Ti | ViT-S | ViT-B | ViT-L |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--------|-------|-----------|-------------------|
| DeiT [62] | 300 | 72.2 | 79.8 | 81.8 | – |
| Steiner et al. [58] | 300 | 69.6 | 76.0 | 78.7 | 74.0 |
| He et al. [24] | 300 | – | – | 82.1 | 81.5 [†] |
| He et al. [24] with EMA | 300 | – | – | 82.3 | 82.6 [†] |
| Our baseline | 300 | 72.7 | 79.7 | 82.2±0.06 | 83.0 |
| Our baseline with LayerScale [64] | 400 | 73.5 | 80.7 | 82.7 | 84.0 |

Table 8. Comparison our baseline with previous training procedures. We only include results that correspond to the vanilla ViT introduced by Dosovitskiy et al. [16] for Vit-B, Vit-L and Touvron et al. [62] for Vit-Ti and ViT-S. All models are trained on ImageNet-1k at resolution 224×224 without distillation. [†]200 epochs.

B Transfer Learning Datasets

Table 9. Datasets used in transfer experiments and corresponding references.

| Dataset | Train size | Test size | #classes |
|-----------------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| ImageNet [56] | 1,281,167 | 50,000 | 1000 |
| iNaturalist 2018 [28] | 437,513 | 24,426 | 8,142 |
| iNaturalist 2019 [28] | 265,240 | 3,003 | 1,010 |
| Flowers-102 [48] | 2,040 | 6,149 | 102 |
| Stanford Cars [34] | 8,144 | 8,041 | 196 |
| CIFAR-100 [36] | 50,000 | 10,000 | 100 |
| CIFAR-10 [36] | 50,000 | 10,000 | 10 |

C Pytorch code of our hMLP Stem

Algorithm 1 Pseudocode of hMLP stem in a PyTorch-like style.

```

import torch
import torch.nn as nn
class hMLP_stem(nn.Module):
    """ Image to Patch Embedding """
    def __init__(self, img_size=(224,224), patch_size=(16,16), in_chans=3, embed_dim=768):
        super().__init__()
        num_patches = (img_size[1] // patch_size[1]) * (img_size[0] // patch_size[0])
        self.img_size = img_size
        self.patch_size = patch_size
        self.num_patches = num_patches
        self.proj = torch.nn.Sequential(
            *[nn.Conv2d(in_chans, embed_dim//4, kernel_size=4, stride=4),
              nn.SyncBatchNorm(embed_dim//4),
              nn.GELU(),
              nn.Conv2d(embed_dim//4, embed_dim//4, kernel_size=2, stride=2),
              nn.SyncBatchNorm(embed_dim//4),
              nn.GELU(),
              nn.Conv2d(embed_dim//4, embed_dim, kernel_size=2, stride=2),
              nn.SyncBatchNorm(embed_dim),
            ])
    def forward(self, x):
        B, C, H, W = x.shape
        x = self.proj(x).flatten(2).transpose(1, 2)
        return x

```
